records, i.e., entire agency, organizational component, or functional area.

(f) Obtain approval of the records schedules from NARA (and from the General Accounting Office, when so required under title 8 of the GAO "Policy and Procedures Manual for the Guidance of Federal Agencies").

§1228.24 Formulation of agency records schedules.

- (a) General. Agency records schedules approved by the Archivist of the United States specify the disposition for agency records. Records of continuing (permanent) value will be scheduled for retention and immediate or eventual transfer to the legal custody of NARA. All other records will be scheduled for destruction or donation after a specific period of time based on administrative, fiscal, and legal values.
- (b) Characteristics of schedules. Though records disposition authority may be requested from NARA on a program-by-program, function-by-function, or office-by-office basis, all agency records must be scheduled. Schedules must follow the guidelines provided below:
- (1) Schedules shall identify and describe clearly each series or system and shall contain disposition instructions that can be readily applied. (Additional information is required for permanent records as specified in §1228.28(b).) Schedules must be prepared so that each office will have standing instructions detailing the disposal, transfer, or retention of records.
- (2) SF 115s shall include only new records not covered by the General Records Schedules (GRS) (see subpart C), deviations from the GRS (see §1228.42), or previously scheduled records requiring changes in retention periods or substantive changes in description.
- (3) All schedules shall take into account the physical organization of records or the filing system so that disposal or transfer can be handled in blocks.
- (4) The disposition of nonrecord materials is controlled by instructions in the agency's printed or published records disposition manual. These instructions do not require NARA approval. Such items shall not be in-

- cluded on SF 115s. Non-record materials, such as extra copies of documents preserved solely for reference, and stocks of processed documents, and personal materials shall be maintained separately from official agency files to aid in records disposition.
- (c) *Provisions of schedules.* Records schedules shall provide for:
- (1) The destruction of records that have served their statutory, fiscal, or administrative uses and no longer have sufficient value to justify further retention. Procedures for obtaining disposal authorizations are prescribed in §1228.30;
- (2) The removal to a Federal records center (or to an agency records center approved under subpart K) of records not eligible for immediate destruction or other disposition but which are no longer needed in office space. These records are maintained by the records center until they are eligible for further disposition action;
- (3) The retention of the minimum volume of current records in office space consistent with effective and efficient operations; and
- (4) The identification of records of permanent value in accordance with §1228.28, and the establishment of cut-off periods and dates when such records will be transferred to the legal custody of NARA.

§1228.26 Request for records disposition authority.

- (a) Submission. Requests for records disposition authority shall be initiated by Federal agencies by submitting Standard Form 115, Request for Records Disposition Authority, to NARA (NWML). An SF 115 is used for requesting authority to schedule (or establish the disposition for) permanent and temporary records, either on a recurring or one-time basis.
- (1) New Federal agencies shall apply General Records Schedules to eligible records and shall submit to NARA SF 115s covering all remaining records within 2 years of their establishment.
- (2) Agencies shall submit to NARA schedules for the records of new programs and of programs that are reorganized or otherwise changed in a way that results in the creation of new or

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different records within 1 year of the implementation of the change.

- (b) Certification. The signature of the authorized agency representative on the SF 115 shall constitute certification that the records recommended for disposal do not or will not have sufficient administrative, legal, or fiscal value to the agency to warrant retention beyond the expiration of the specified period and that records described as having permanent value will be transferred to the National Archives upon expiration of the stated period.
- (c) Disapproval of requests for disposition authority. Requests for records disposition authority may be returned to the agency if the SF 115 is improperly prepared. The agency shall make the necessary corrections and resubmit the form to NARA (NWML). NARA may disapprove the disposition request for an item if, after appraisal of the records, NARA determines that the proposed disposition is not consistent with the value of the records. In such cases, NARA will notify the agency in writing.

[55 FR 27429, July 2, 1990; 55 FR 28136, July 9, 1990, as amended at 63 FR 35829, July 1, 1998]

§ 1228.28 Scheduling permanent records.

- (a) *Initiation*. Federal agencies propose permanent retention of records in accordance with guidelines contained in the NARA records management handbook, Disposition of Federal Records (NSN 7610-01-055-8704).
- (b) *Requirements.* Each item proposed for permanent retention on an SF 115 shall include the following:
- (1) Records series title used by agency personnel to identify the records;
- (2) Complete description of the records including physical type and information contents;
 - (3) Inclusive dates;
 - (4) An arrangement statement;
- (5) Statement of restrictions on access which NARA should impose in conformity with the Freedom of Information Act if the records are proposed for immediate transfer;
- (6) An estimate of the volume of records accumulated annually if the records are current and continuing;
 - (7) The total volume to date; and

- (8) Disposition instructions, developed using the following guidelines:
- (i) If the records series or system is current and continuing, the SF 115 will include a disposition instruction specifying the period of time after which the records will be transferred to the National Archives, normally within 30 years for paper records, 5–10 years for audiovisual or microform records, and as soon as the records become inactive or the agency cannot meet the maintenance requirements found in §1228.188 of this part for electronic records.
- (ii) If the records series or system is nonrecurring, i.e., no additional records will be created or acquired, the agency may propose either immediate or future transfer to the National Archives
- (c) *Determination*. NARA will determine whether or not records are of permanent value and when the transfer of the permanent records will take place.
- (1) If NARA determines that records are not permanent, it will notify the agency and negotiate an appropriate disposition. The disposition instruction on the SF 115 will be modified prior to NARA approval.
- (2) If NARA determines that records are permanent, but that the transfer instructions are not appropriate, it will negotiate appropriate transfer terms with the agency. The disposition instruction on the SF 115 will be modified prior to NARA approval.

[55 FR 27429, July 2, 1990; 55 FR 31982, Aug. 6, 1990]

§ 1228.30 Scheduling temporary records.

- (a) Initiation. Federal agencies request authority to dispose of records, either immediately or on a recurring basis. Requests for immediate disposal are limited to records already in existence which no longer accumulate. For recurring records, approved schedules provide continuing authority to destroy the records. The retention periods approved by NARA are mandatory, and the agency shall dispose of the records after expiration of the retention period, except as provided in § 1228.54.
- (b) Requirements. Each item on an SF 115 proposed for eventual destruction shall include the following: